

$$\mathbf{a}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{a}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{a}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{a}_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{で与えられる } \mathbf{R}^4 \text{ の基底}$$

$\{\mathbf{a}_1, \mathbf{a}_2, \mathbf{a}_3, \mathbf{a}_4\}$ を正規直交基底 $\{\mathbf{u}_1, \mathbf{u}_2, \mathbf{u}_3, \mathbf{u}_4\}$ に変換せよ。

ヒント! シュミットの正規直交化法の手順に従って計算する。少し計算はメンドウだけれど頑張ろう!

解答&解説

(i) $\mathbf{a}_1 \rightarrow \mathbf{u}_1 \quad \|\mathbf{a}_1\| = \sqrt{1^2 + 1^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{6}$ より, $\mathbf{u}_1 = \frac{1}{\|\mathbf{a}_1\|} \mathbf{a}_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$
(答)

(ii) $\mathbf{a}_2 \rightarrow \mathbf{u}_2$

$$\mathbf{b}_2 = \mathbf{a}_2 - \underbrace{(\mathbf{u}_1 \cdot \mathbf{a}_2)}_{\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 1) = \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}}} \mathbf{u}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|\mathbf{b}_2\| = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1^2 + 3^2 + (-2)^2 + 2^2} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{18} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} \text{ より,}$$

$$\mathbf{u}_2 = \frac{1}{\|\mathbf{b}_2\|} \mathbf{b}_2 = \frac{\cancel{2}}{3\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{(答)}$$

(iii) $\mathbf{a}_3 \rightarrow \mathbf{u}_3$

$$\mathbf{b}_3 = \mathbf{a}_3 - \{ \underbrace{(\mathbf{u}_1 \cdot \mathbf{a}_3)}_{\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(1+0+2+0) = \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}}} \mathbf{u}_1 + \underbrace{(\mathbf{u}_2 \cdot \mathbf{a}_3)}_{\frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}(1+0-2+4) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} \mathbf{u}_2 \}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} - \left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$\mathbf{b}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{6} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-\frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = -\frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|\mathbf{b}_3\| = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1^2 + (-3)^2 + 1^2 + 5^2} = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1+9+1+25} = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{36} = \frac{6}{3} = 2 \text{ より,}$$

$$\mathbf{u}_3 = \frac{1}{\|\mathbf{b}_3\|} \mathbf{b}_3 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \dots\dots\dots (\text{答})$$

(iv) $\mathbf{a}_4 \rightarrow \mathbf{u}_4$

$$\mathbf{b}_4 = \mathbf{a}_4 - \{(\mathbf{u}_1 \cdot \mathbf{a}_4)\mathbf{u}_1 + (\mathbf{u}_2 \cdot \mathbf{a}_4)\mathbf{u}_2 + (\mathbf{u}_3 \cdot \mathbf{a}_4)\mathbf{u}_3\}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(1+0+0+0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \quad \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}(1+0+0+2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad \frac{1}{6}(1+0+0+5) = 1$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + 1 \cdot \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{6} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|\mathbf{b}_4\| = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3^2 + (-1)^2 + (-1)^2 + (-1)^2} = \frac{\sqrt{12}}{6} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \text{ より,}$$

$$\mathbf{u}_4 = \frac{1}{\|\mathbf{b}_4\|} \mathbf{b}_4 = \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \dots\dots\dots (\text{答})$$